Sample Midterm

These are sample questions that are very similar to the ones I will ask on the midterm.

- 1. Which of the following is *not* a valid C variable name?
 - (a) hello
 - (b) chomp_burp
 - (c) whilex
 - (d) more-more-more
 - (e) TrUcKiNg
- 2. Evaluate the following expressions, assuming a = 1, b = -3, and c = 0. Treat them independently, so (for example) after evaluating (b), use the above values for (c).
 - (a) a + b < c
 - (b) c == !a == c
 - (c) a = ++b; give the values of both a and b as well
 - (d) a-- == !b; give the value of a as well
 - (e) a / b
- 3. True or False: If x = -1, then if (x) printf("1"); else printf("2"); prints 2.
- 4. Write a recursive function to add the integers from a to b. Please assume that $a \le b$.
- 5. What are all possible outputs of the following code fragment?

```
void f(int a, int b)
{
    printf("%d %d\n", a, b);
}

void main(void)
{
    int i = 5;
    f(i++, i++);
}
```

6. Given the definitions

```
int numbs[10];
int *ptr = numbs;
```

which of the following are equivalent, and why?

- (a) numbs[3]
- (b) numbs + 3
- (c) * (numbs + 3)
- (d) * (ptr + 3)
- (e) *ptr + 3
- 7. Use the following code fragment to answer parts (a), (b), and (c):

```
for (x = i = 0; i \le 100; i += 2, x += i);
```

- (a) In one short sentence, what does this **for** loop do?
- (b) Is the following **while** loop equivalent? If not, how does its result differ? (*Hint*: look at the values of both x and i.)

```
x = i = 0;
while( i++ <= 100)
x += ++i;
```

(c) Does the following **for** loop do the same thing? If not, what does it do?

```
for(x = i = 0; i <= 100; i++) {
    if (!(i % 2))
        continue;
    x = x + i;
}</pre>
```

8. What does this function do?

9. The following segment of code is supposed to print the number of times the routine a_again is called. Yet, regardless of the input, it prints 0. Why? How would you fix it?

```
void a_again(int acount)
{
          ++acount;
}
int main(void)
{
    int c;
    int counter = 0;

    while((c = getchar()) != EOF)
        if (c == 'a' || c == 'A')
              a_again(counter);

    printf("%d\n", counter);
    return(0);
}
```