Lecture 11, April 24

**Reading:** §4.5–4.6, 5.1–5.3 *except* 5.2.3–5.2.4  
**Assignments due:** Homework #2, due April 26, 2013 at 11:55pm

**Discussion Problem.** What does the following paragraph say to a system administrator or security officer seeking insight to defend her systems?

If we do not wish to fight, we can prevent the enemy from engaging us even though the lines of encampment be merely traced out on the ground. All we need to do is to throw something odd and unaccountable in his way.

Tu Mu relates a strategem of Chu-ko Liang, who in 149 B.C., when occupying Yang-p’ing and about to be attacked by Ssu-ma I, suddenly struck his colors, stopping the beating of the drums, and flung open the city gates, showing only a few men engaged in sweeping and sprinkling the ground. This unexpected proceeding had the intended effect; for Ssu-Ma I, suspecting an ambush, actually drew off his army and retreated.¹

**Lecture outline.**

1. High-level policy languages  
   a. Characterization  
   b. Example: DTEL  
2. Low-level policy languages  
   a. Characterization  
   b. Example: *tripwire* configuration file  
3. Policies in natural language  
4. Goals of confidentiality policies  
5. Bell-LaPadula Model with levels only  
   a. Security levels  
   b. Simple security property  
   c. *.property  
   d. Discretionary security property  
6. Full Bell-LaPadula Model  
   a. Add in compartments  
   b. *dom* relation  
   c. BLP as lattice structure  
   d. Simple security property  
   e. *.Property  
   f. Discretionary security property  
7. Range of levels  
8. Basic Security Theorem  
10. Tranquility  
   a. Declassification problem  
   b. Strong tranquility  
   c. Weak tranquility