

Lecture 1

September 22, 2021

Outline

- Components of computer security
- Threats
- Policies and mechanisms
- The role of trust
- Assurance
- Operational Issues
- Human Issues

Basic Components

- Confidentiality
 - Keeping data and resources hidden
- Integrity
 - Data integrity (integrity)
 - Origin integrity (authentication)
- Availability
 - Allowing access to data and resources

Classes of Threats

- Disclosure
 - Snooping
- Deception
 - Modification, spoofing, repudiation of origin, denial of receipt
- Disruption
 - Modification
- Usurpation
 - Modification, spoofing, delay, denial of service

Policies and Mechanisms

- Policy says what is, and is not, allowed
 - This defines “security” for the site/system/etc.
- Mechanisms enforce policies
- Composition of policies
 - If policies conflict, discrepancies may create security vulnerabilities

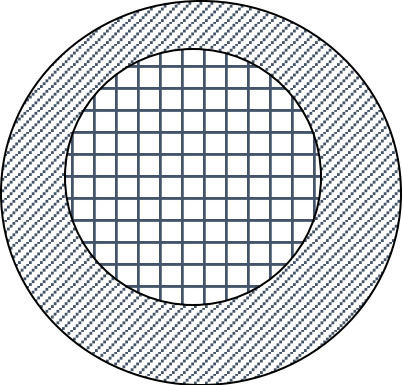
Goals of Security

- Prevention
 - Prevent attackers from violating security policy
- Detection
 - Detect attackers violating security policy
- Recovery
 - Stop attack, assess and repair damage
 - Continue to function correctly even if attack succeeds

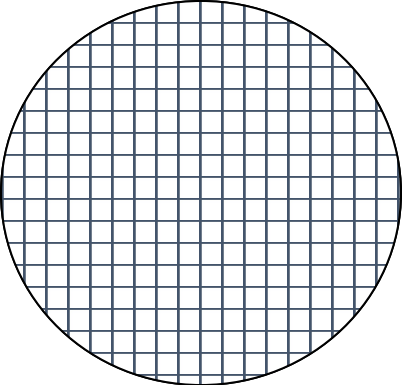
Assumptions and Trust

- Underlie *all* aspects of security
- Policies
 - Unambiguously partition system states
 - Correctly capture security requirements
- Mechanisms
 - Assumed to enforce policy
 - Support mechanisms work correctly

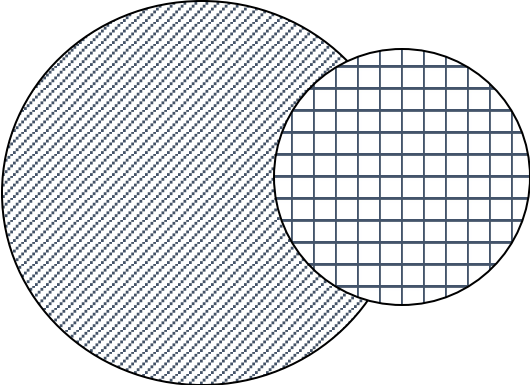
Types of Mechanisms



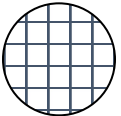
secure



precise



broad



set of reachable states



set of secure states

Assurance

- Specification
 - Requirements analysis
 - Statement of desired functionality
- Design
 - How system will meet specification
- Implementation
 - Programs or systems that carry out design

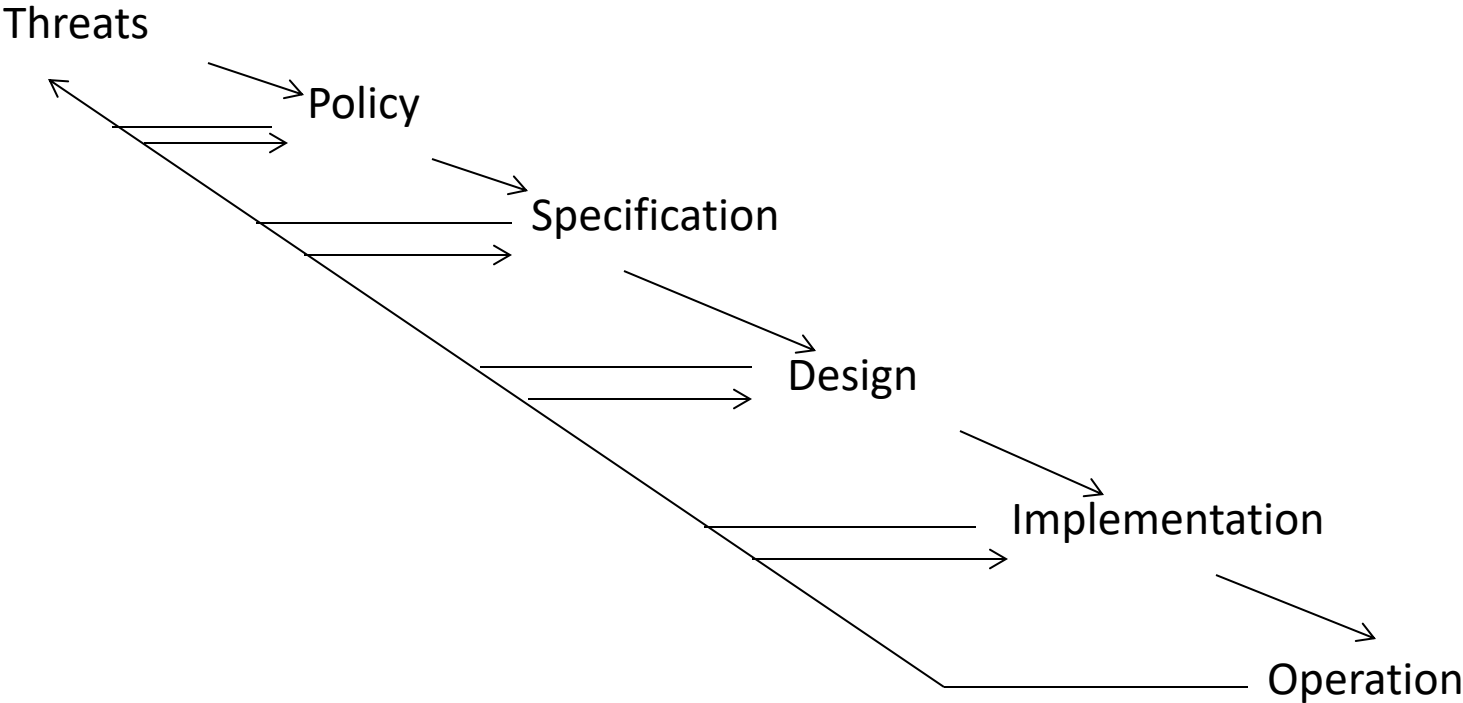
Operational Issues

- Cost-benefit analysis
 - Is it cheaper to prevent or recover?
- Risk analysis
 - Should we protect something?
 - How much should we protect this thing?
- Laws and customs
 - Are desired security measures illegal?
 - Will people do them?

Human Issues

- Organizational problems
 - Power and responsibility
 - Financial benefits
- People problems
 - Outsiders and insiders
 - Social engineering

Tying Together



Key Points

- Policy defines security, and mechanisms enforce security
 - Confidentiality
 - Integrity
 - Availability
- Trust and knowing assumptions
- Importance of assurance
- The human factor