ECS 235B Module 12 Typed Access Matrix Model

Typed Access Matrix Model

- Like ACM, but with set of types T
 - All subjects, objects have types
 - Set of types for subjects TS
- Protection state is (S, O, τ, A)
 - $\tau: O \rightarrow T$ specifies type of each object
 - If **X** subject, τ (**X**) in *TS*
 - If **X** object, τ (**X**) in T TS

Create Rules

- Subject creation
 - create subject s of type ts
 - s must not exist as subject or object when operation executed
 - $ts \in TS$
- Object creation
 - create object *o* of type *to*
 - o must not exist as subject or object when operation executed
 - $to \in T TS$

Create Subject

- Precondition: $s \notin S$
- Primitive command: create subject s of type t
- Postconditions:
 - $S' = S \cup \{ s \}, O' = O \cup \{ s \}$
 - $(\forall y \in O)[\tau'(y) = \tau(y)], \tau'(s) = t$
 - $(\forall y \in O')[a'[s, y] = \emptyset], (\forall x \in S')[a'[x, s] = \emptyset]$
 - $(\forall x \in S)(\forall y \in O)[a'[x, y] = a[x, y]]$

Create Object

- Precondition: $o \notin O$
- Primitive command: create object o of type t
- Postconditions:
 - $S' = S, O' = O \cup \{o\}$
 - $(\forall y \in O)[\tau(y) = \tau(y)], \tau(o) = t$
 - $(\forall x \in S')[a'[x, o] = \emptyset]$
 - $(\forall x \in S)(\forall y \in O)[a'[x, y] = a[x, y]]$

Definitions

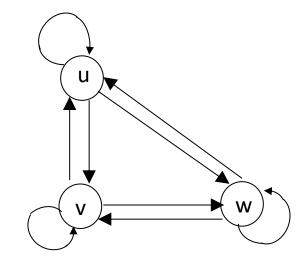
- MTAM Model: TAM model without delete, destroy
 - MTAM is Monotonic TAM
- $\alpha(x_1:t_1, ..., x_n:t_n)$ create command
 - *t_i* child type in α if any of create subject *x_i* of type *t_i* or create object *x_i* of type *t_i* occur in α
 - *t_i* parent type otherwise

Cyclic Creates

```
command cry \bullet havoc(s_1 : u, s_2 : u, o_1 : v, o_2 : v,
                                    O_3 : W_1 O_4 : W)
 create subject s_1 of type u;
 create object o_1 of type v;
 create object o_3 of type w;
 enter r into a[s_2, s_1];
 enter r into a[s_2, o_2];
 enter r into a[s_2, o_4]
```

end

Creation Graph

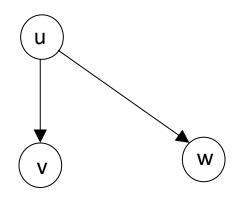


- *u*, *v*, *w* child types
- *u*, *v*, *w* also parent types
- Graph: lines from parent types to child types
- This one has cycles

Acyclic Creates

```
command cry•havoc(s<sub>1</sub> : u, s<sub>2</sub> : u, o<sub>1</sub> : v, o<sub>3</sub> : w)
  create object o<sub>1</sub> of type v;
  create object o<sub>3</sub> of type w;
  enter r into a[s<sub>2</sub>, s<sub>1</sub>];
  enter r into a[s<sub>2</sub>, o<sub>1</sub>];
  enter r into a[s<sub>2</sub>, o<sub>3</sub>]
end
```

Creation Graph



- *v*, *w* child types
- *u* parent type
- Graph: lines from parent types to child types
- This one has no cycles

Theorems

- Safety decidable for systems with acyclic MTAM schemes
 - In fact, it's NP-hard
- Safety for acyclic ternary MATM decidable in time polynomial in the size of initial ACM
 - "Ternary" means commands have no more than 3 parameters
 - Equivalent in expressive power to MTAM