

January 24, 2024 Outline

Reading: *text*, §5.2.2–5.2.3

Assignments: Extra Credit #B, due January 30; Homework #2, due February 2; Project selection, due January 26

Module 17 (Reading: *text*, §5.2.2)

1. Bell-LaPadula Model: intuitive, now add category sets
 - (a) Apply lattice
 - i. Set of classes SC is a partially ordered set under relation dom with glb (greatest lower bound), lub (least upper bound) operators
 - ii. Note: dom is reflexive, transitive, antisymmetric
 - iii. Example: $(A, C) dom (A', C')$ iff $A \leq A'$ and $C \subseteq C'$;
 $lub((A, C), (A', C')) = (max(A, A'), C \cup C')$; and
 $glb((A, C), (A', C')) = (min(A, A'), C \cap C')$
 - (b) Simple security condition (no reads up), *-property (no writes down), discretionary security property
 - (c) Basic Security Theorem: if it is secure and transformations follow these rules, it will remain secure
2. Maximum, current security level
3. Example: Trusted Solaris

Module 18 (Reading: *text*, §5.2.3)

4. Bell-LaPadula: formal model
 - (a) Set of requests is R
 - (b) Set of decisions is D
 - (c) $W \subseteq R \times D \times V \times V$ is motion from one state to another.
 - (d) System $\Sigma(R, D, W, z_0) \subseteq X \times Y \times Z$ such that $(x, y, z) \in \Sigma(R, D, W, z_0)$ iff $(x_t, y_t, z_t, z_{t-1}) \in W$ for each $i \in T$; latter is an action of system
 - (e) Theorem: $\Sigma(R, D, W, z_0)$ satisfies the simple security condition for any initial state z_0 that satisfies the simple security condition iff W satisfies the following conditions for each action $(r_i, d_i, (b', m', f', h'), (b, m, f, h))$:
 - i. each $(s, o, x) \in b' - b$ satisfies the simple security condition relative to f' (i.e., x is not read, or x is read and $f_s(s) dom f_o(o)$); and
 - ii. if $(s, o, x) \in b$ does not satisfy the simple security condition relative to f' , then $(s, o, x) \notin b'$
 - (f) Theorem: $\Sigma(R, D, W, z_0)$ satisfies the *-property relative to $S' \subseteq S$ for any initial state z_0 that satisfies the *-property relative to S' iff W satisfies the following conditions for each $(r_i, d_i, (b', m', f', h'), (b, m, f, h))$:
 - i. for each $s \in S'$, any $(s, o, x) \in b' - b$ satisfies the *-property with respect to f' ; and
 - ii. for each $s \in S'$, if $(s, o, x) \in b$ does not satisfy the *-property with respect to f' , then $(s, o, x) \notin b'$